# ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD

# FIRST YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN GNM-2025

### Paper-I

### (Bioscience)

Time -3Hrs Full m		narks-75
	Answer all questions.  Figures in the right-hand margin indicate man	rks
1. a.	Draw a labelled diagram of cell.	[4]
b.	Write the function of various cell organelles an	
	membrane	[6]
C.	Describe the cell cycle.	[5]
	OR	
a.	Define respiration.	[3]
b.	Draw a labelled diagram of the Lungs.	[4]
c.	Explain the mechanism of respiration in detail.	[8]
2. a.	Define sterilisation.	[2]
b.	Explain the physical methods of sterilisation.	[7]
c.	Briefly describe the Bio-medical waste manage	ement.[6]
	OR	
a.	Define infection.	[3]
ь.	Describe the various sources and modes of tran	ismission
	of infection.	[7]
c.	Draw a labelled diagram of a microscope.	[5]

3.	Write short	notes	on	any	three	of the	follo	wing.

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$ 

- a. Composition and function of blood.
- b. Cardiac cycle
- c. Cranial nerves
- d. Synovial joint
- e. Liver
- 4. A. Write the responsibilities and role of a nurse in the following situations.  $[2 \times 5 = 10]$ 
  - a. An 18-year-old boy with epistaxis
  - b. Sterilisation of sharp instruments
  - c. A 70-year-old male with retention of urine
  - d. Providing back care to an unconscious patient
  - e. Fracture of upper arm

B. Fill in the blanks.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- a. Knee joint is an example of \_\_\_\_
- b. Photorecepters of eye are found in layer.
- c. The er is supplied by the \_\_\_\_\_ cranial nerve.
- d. The pancreatic enzyme which digests dietary carbohydrates is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- e. The inner most layer of blood vessel is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. A. Write the full forms of the following abbreviations.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- a. CAG
- b. PT
- c. ICF
- d. CRP
- e. DNA

B. Write True / False.

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$ 

- a. Filariasis is caused by infected water.
- b. Femur is the largest bone in the human body.
- c. Heart is supplied by mesenteric vessels.
- d. The normal systolic blood pressure is 140mm of Hg.
- e. There are three bones in the middle ear.
- f. Fibroblast is found in epithelial tissue.
- g. Mitochondria is responsible for protein synthesis.
- h. Oxytocin primarily stimulates the bone marrow for RBC production.
- i. Pepsin is the active form of pepsinogen and is secreted in the stomach.

#### **ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD**

#### FIRST YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN **GNM-2025**

### Paper-II

(D	(Denavioural Science- Psychology & Sociology)		
Time -3Hrs Full marks-7			
	Answer all questions. Figures in the right-hand margin indicate mark	s	
1. a.	Define Psychology.	[4]	
b.	Write the nature and scope of psychology.	[6]	
C.	Discuss the importance of psychology for nurses	. [5]	
	OR	(2015)691	
a.	What do you mean by personality.	[3]	
b.	Discuss types of personality.	[4]	
c.	Describe characteristics of adoloscents.	[8]	
2. a.	Define Social group	[2]	
b.	Write briefly about various types of groups.	[7]	
C.	Briefly describe the organisation structure of a	group. [6]	
	OR		
a.	Define Culture.	[3]	
b.	Enlist the characteristics of Culture.	[7]	
		PTO	

	c.	Explain the factors responsible for social change. [5]
3.	W	Frite short notes on any three of the following. $[3 \times 5 = 15]$
	a.	Attention
	b.	Marriage
	C.	Social agencies
	d.	Motivation
	e.	Rural and Urban problems
1.	A.	Write the responsibilities and role of a nurse in the following situations. $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
	a.	Personality development
	b.	,
	C.	
	d.	
	e.	Family with taboos.
	B.	Fill in the blanks. $[1 \times 10 = 10]$
	a.	A false perception without an external stimulus is called
	b.	Delinquency is in the society.
	C.	A strong feeling is known as
	d.	Attention is the chief characteristics of the mind.
	e.	Population explosion can be controlled by
	f.	The ability to acquire knowledge and skill is called
	g.	Psychosexual theory of personality development was given by
	h.	IQ level below 70 indicates
	i.	Science of wealth is
	j.	Hereditary and influence the behaviour of an individual.

5. A. Write the full forms of the following abbreviations.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

a. BPL

b. STM

c. NIMHANS

d. EEG

e. IRDP

B. Match the following.

 $[0.5 \times 10 = 5]$ 

#### Column A

#### Column B

Drive	i.	Motivation
Withdrawal	ii.	Safety from
Auguste Comte		social conflicts
Social stratification	iii.	Gloomy
Family is named	iv.	Social problem
after father	V.	Irritability
Dyspepsia	vi.	Adjustment
Day dreaming	vii.	Differential
Poverty		aptitude test
Constipation	viii.	Father of
DAT		sociology
	ix.	Patronymic
	X.	Fantasy
	Withdrawal Auguste Comte Social stratification Family is named after father Dyspepsia Day dreaming Poverty Constipation	Withdrawal ii. Auguste Comte Social stratification iii. Family is named iv. after father v. Dyspepsia vi. Day dreaming vii. Poverty Constipation viii. DAT ix.

Full marks-75

# ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD

# FIRST YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN GNM-2025

### Paper-III

### (Fundamentals of Nursing and First Aid)

Time -3Hrs

	Answer all questions.	
	Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks	
1. a.	Define Nursing.	[3]
b.	Write down the qualities of a nurse.	[5]
C.	Describe briefly the roles and responsibilities professional nurse.	of a
	OR	
a.	Define cross infection.	[3]
b.	What are the different types of transmission?	[5]
C.	Describe the methods of prevention of cross infec	ction.
		[7]
2. a.	What is pyrexia (fever)?	[2]
b.	Write briefly about various types of fever, mention	n the
	phases and give examples of each.	[5]
C.	Briefly describe the role of a nurse in providing car	e to
	a fever patient admitted to the hospital.	[8]
	OR	
a.	What is a fracture.	[3]
b.	Enlist the different types of fracture.	[5]
C.	Explain the general rules of treatment of fracture.	[7]

ł	a. C	short notes on any three of the following. Constipation Cold application Methods of physical examination	$[3 \times 5 = 15]$
		Barrier Nursing	
•	e. C	Oral hygiene	
4. A		rite the responsibilities and role of a sollowing situations.	nurse in the $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
	a. b. c. d. e.	A patient having 104°C temperature Intravenous administration of drugs A person with snake bite	
В	. F	ill in the blanks.	$[1 \times 5 = 5]$
	a. b.	caused by cardiac disease.  examination is conducted of after death.	on the body
	a.	Nose and throat infections may spread to ear leading to	o the middle
	e.	The temperature which exhibits a zig za known as	ag pattern is
5. A	. W	Vrite the full forms of the following abbrev	iations.
		5 <del>7</del>	$0.5 \times 10 = 5$
	a.	OPD	
	b.		
	c.		
	d.	CPR	

- e. PPE
- f. ICU
- g. CC
- h. IPR
- i. QID
- j. NPO
- B. Write true or false.

 $[1 \times 10 = 14]$ 

- a. Auscultation is listening to the sounds of the body
- b. Dettol is used for sterilisation of instruments.
- c. Presence of blood in cough is called haematuria.
- d. Benedict's test is used to detect reducing sugar in urine.
- e. The data observed by the nursing officer is called objective data.
- f. Pyrexia is also known as hypertension.
- g. The normal respiration rate of an adult is 20 -24 /minute.
- h. Good body mechanics prevent fatigue & strain.
- i. Detection of ketone bodies in the body fluids is observed in acidosis.
- j. Otoscope is used for rectal examination.

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### Paper-IV

### (Community Health Nursing-1)

7	Γim	ne -3Hrs Fu	11
		marks-75 Answer all questions. Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks	
1.	a. b. c.	Define community health Nursing. Write down the determinates of health Describe briefly the role of a nurse in promotion health in a community.  OR	[3] [6] of [6]
	a. b. c.	Define communication.  What are the different types of communication a their importance?  Describe the responsibilities of a nurse establishment of successful communication.	[3] nd [5] in [7]
2.	a. b. c.	Enlist the criteria of safe and drinking water? Write briefly about health hazards caused due contaminated water. Briefly describe the processes of water purification small scale.	[5]
		OR	

and a filler to a training	GNM-1-IV-CHN-1-2025			
a. Define epidemiology.	[E] ODISHA NURSES			
Explain the disease oveled				
Examination in Examination 2.	in control of disease cycle [7]	Mont		
3. Write short notes on any thin	ee of the following.		[3 ×	5
U. UNICEF	1-12029			
<ul><li>c. School health service</li><li>d. National health policy</li></ul>	(Community Heal			
e. Panchayat raj	me-3IIrs	Special Company		
A. Write the responsibilities	and role of a nurse in the			
a. Immunization session a	in the same $[2 \times 5 = 10]$ in hund-high only $[3 \times 5 = 10]$ it outreach centre			
Eb. A person suffering from	<ol> <li>Define comfguotysimoths l</li> </ol>	s I		
[]c. Physically and mentally	challengedindividualiiW	1		
ld. n Aib5yr old girl with ana	<ol> <li>Describe briefly the nime</li> </ol>	2		
[de. Control and prevention	of diarrhoearin your areasd			
	SO			
B. Fill in the blanks.	$[1 \times .5 = 5]$			
es of communication and	regy all m badgilons and the What are the different type.			
MDA is administered to	their importance? they are			
re bood sebivorque de communication (7)	Describe the responsible to trodge the responsible to the responsibility to th	2		
d. Action taken prior to called Parking water balls		ß .S		
e! Chicken pox is caused t	n. Write briefly about heals contaminated water.	1		
ses of water purification in		2		
Write the full forms of the a. DOTS	following abbreviations.	[	1 ×	1(
a. DOIS				
1/1				

- b. NVBDCP
- c. BFHI
- d. MDA
- e. IRDP
- f. RBSK
- g. VCTC
- h. PPP
- i. IMNCI
- j. ONMEB

#### B. Write true or false.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- a. PHC can also function as FRU.
- b. PCV is an component of pentavalent vaccine.
- c. NITI Ayog was established in 2015.
- d. National AIDS day is celebrated on the 1st of November.
- e. The first step to control communicable diseases is isolation.

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#### **ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD**

#### SECOND YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN **GNM-2025**

#### Paper-I

### (Medical and Surgical Nursing I)

Time -3Hrs

	Tir	me -3Hrs Full
		marks-75
		Answer all questions.
		Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks
1.	a.	What is renal failure.
	b.	Write briefly to explain aetiology, clinical presentation
		and complications of chronic renal failure.
	C.	Describe the nursing management of a patient wi
		chronic renal failure
		OR
	a.	Define Shock.
	b.	Enlist the types of Shock, its clinical manifestations an
		complications.
	C.	Write the nursing management of a patient with shoot
		according to priority basis.
2.	a.	What is Osteoarthritis?
	b.	Write the causes, signs, symptoms and diagnostic tes
		for detection of osteoarthritis.
	C.	Write in brief about the management of a patient with
		osteoarthritis.
		OR

a. b.	Define lung abscess. [3]  Describe the aetiology, clinical manifestations and diagnostic tests for detecting lung abscess. [6]
C.	Prepare a nursing care plan for the patients admitted in pulmonary care unit of the hospital. [6]
3. Wri	te short notes on any three of the following. $[3 \times 5 = 15]$
i.	Haemodialysis
ii.	Diabetic ketoacidosis
iii.	Management of COPD
iv.	Common geriatric problems
V.	Peptic ulcer
	Fill in the blanks. $[1 \times 10 = 10]$
i.	A painful papillomatous growth caused by a virus that
	may occur on any part of the skin or sole is known as
**	
ii.	Microscopic study of exfoliated cells via special
	staining and fixation technique to detect abnormal cells
	is called
111.	A cluster of distressing physical and behavioural
	symptoms that occur at the second half of the menstrual
	cycle followed by a symptom free period is called
•	TI CON TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE T
1V.	The surgery for removal of fallopian tube is called
225	And some days of the second second
٧.	Anti-cancer drug causing photosensitivity is called
<b>1</b> /1	Candidiasis is caused by
	Dermatitis medicamentosa is called
vii. viii.	is a measure of intra ocular pressure.
	Kussmaul's respiration is also known as
IA.	reasonada s respiration is also known as

	GNM-2-I-MSN-1-2025
· X.	An injury to the ligament around a joint usually caused by twisting motion is called
5. A.	Write the full forms of the following abbreviations. $[1 \times 10 = 10]$
	i. AEP
	i. AEP ii. CML
	ii. EBV
	v. MRI
	v. CGN
	i. UPJ
	i. ESWL
	i. CMV
	x. PME
	x. ARF
B. Wr	ite True / False. $[1 \times 10 = 10]$
į.	Hyperglycaemia is a symptom of Diabetes mellitus.
ii.	Ethambutol is a drug used in the treatment of kidney
	failure.
iii.	Warfarin is a blood thinner.
iv.	Hashimoto's disease is an autoimmune disorder causing
	thyroiditis.
V.	Normal bleeding time is 5-10 mins.
vi.	Spinal anaesthesia is administered between T3-T4
	space.
vii.	Myocardial infarction is called heart attack.
viii.	Palpation is done by the stethoscope.
ix.	Polio myelitis is a viral infection.
X.	Haemophilia is a hereditary disease.

Full marks - 75

# ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD

# SECOND YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN GNM-2025

### Paper-II

### (Medical and Surgical Nursing II)

Time - 3Hrs

	Answer all questions.						
	Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks						
1. a.	What is angina pectoris. [3]						
b.	Write briefly to explain types and aetiology angina pectoris. [5]						
C.	Describe the nursing management of a patient with angina pectoris  OR  [7]						
a.	Define Glaucoma [3]						
b.	Enlist the types of Glaucoma, cause, clinical manifestations and its complications. [6]						
C.	Write the medical and nursing management of a patient with Glaucoma. [6]						
2. a.	Define fracture [2]						
b.	Write the types of fracture and enumerate it's clinical manifestations. [7]						

C.	Briefly in detail about the emergency management patient with fracture.	of a [6]
	OR	
a.	Define Dermatitis.	[3]
b.	Describe the aetiology, clinical manifestations various typesof dermatitis.	and [5]
c.	Prepare a nursing care plan for the patients suffe from dermatitis.	ring [7]
Wri	ite short notes on any three of the following. $[3 \times 5 =$	15]
c.	Chemotherapy Cellulitis Eye bank	es
A. I	Fill in the blanks. $[1 \times 5 =$	= 5]
a.	NMDA is the apex body working under the leaders of	ship
b.		the
C.		luid
d.		
e.		
	Write the role of a nursing officer in the follow situations. $[2 \times 5 =$	_

Educating a patient on self-care for pharyngitis.

b. A patient with an insect in the ear.

3.

4.

- c. A patient with fracture hand.
- d. A patient with conjuctivitis.
- e. A patient with food poisoning.

#### 5. A. Write the full forms of the following abbreviations.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- i. THR
- ii. TURP
- iii. MCV
- iv. FNAB
- v. VLDL

#### B. Write True / False.

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$ 

- Post exposure prophylaxis of HIV includes intake of anti-retroviral drugs immediately.
- ii. In case of the urethrovesicular reflux the urine flows from the bladder to urethra.
- iii. Vomiting must be induced after the ingestion of caustic substances.
- iv. Patients on long term corticosteroid therapy are advised not to discontinue of the drug suddenly.
- v. Tight dressing can impede circulation.
- vi. Mammography is used to detect breast abnormality.
- vii. The key to disaster management is communication.
- viii. Patients undergoing radiation therapy of head might sustain permanent hair loss.
- ix. Cold water and irrigation should be done for removal of cerumen.
- x. Laryngitis is associated with gastroesophageal reflux.

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# ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD

# SECOND YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN GNM-2025

### Paper-III

### (Mental Health Nursing)

Tim	e -3Hrs	Full marks-75				
	Answer all questions. Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks					
1. a.	What is personality?	[3]				
b.	Write briefly about personality traits.	[5]				
c.	Describe the factors influencing development.	personality [7]				
	OR					
a.	What is phobic anxiety disorder?	[3]				
b.	Write down the signs, symptoms and aetio disorders.	logy of anxiety [6]				
C.	Write the nursing management of a patie disorder.	ent with phobic [6]				
2. a.	What is Depression?	[2]				
b.	Write the causes, signs, symptoms of BPA	D. [7]				
C.	Describe the prognosis, medical and nursir of a patient of BPAD.	ng management [6]				

	-	-
a	B	8 9
8	- 69	9-6

a. What is mental health nursing? [3]

b. Write the principles of mental health nursing. [5]

c. What are the mis conceptions about mentally ill persons? [7]

3. Write short notes on any three of the following.  $[3 \times 5 = 15]$ 

- i. Bulimia nervosa
- ii. Adolescent crisis
- iii. Hypersomnia

NUMBER OF STREET

- iv. Opioid used disorder
- v. Legal responsibilities of a nursing personnel involved in the care of a mentally ill person.
- 4. A. Write down the role of a nursing personnel in the following situations.
  - a. A patient with drug addiction.
  - b. Adolescent girl with suicidal tendencies.
  - An Alzheimer's patient
  - d. A lady with paranoid schizophrenia.
  - A patient preparing for ECT

B. Fill in the blanks.  $[1/\times 5 = 5]$ 

i. The Indian mental health Act was passed in the year

ii. Chlorpromazine belongs to affiliation drugs.

iii. Repetition or mimicking phrases or words is known as

iv.	Presence	of	anxiety	with	severe	motor	restlessness	is
	known as							

v. Rapid shift between topics that are unrelated to each other is called

5. A. Write the full forms of the following abbreviations.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- i. NDPSA
- ii. NIMHANS
- iii. DER
- iv. GAD
- v. TNPR

B. Write True / False

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$ 

- i. Korsakoff's syndrome occurs due to intake of opium
- ii. Asclepiades of Bithynia advocated humane treatment of mental disorders.
- iii. Intense fear of becoming obese is seen in OCD.
- iv. ECT is contraindicated in decreased intracranial pressure.
- v. Thinking deeply about a small matter for a long period ' is known as thought block.
- vi. Crisis means a period of intense difficulty.
- vii. Exhibition is a sexual disorder.
- viii. Neuroleptic drugs are used in the treatment of psychosis.
- ix. Excessive sleeping in the day time is known as narcolepsy.
- x. Hallucination is misinterpretation of external stimuli.

# ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD

# SECOND YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN GNM-2025

### Paper-IV

### (Child Health Nursing)

Answer all questions.  Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks  1. a. What is paediatric nursing? [3] b. Write briefly about trends in paediatric nursing. [5] c. Describe the role of paediatric nurse in child care. [7]  OR  a. What is tonsillitis? [3] b. Write down the signs, symptoms and aetiology of tonsillitis. [6] c. Write the nursing management of a patient with tonsillitis. [6]  2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2] b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7] c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea patient. [6]			
Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks  1. a. What is paediatric nursing? [3]  b. Write briefly about trends in paediatric nursing. [5]  c. Describe the role of paediatric nurse in child care. [7]  OR  a. What is tonsillitis? [3]  b. Write down the signs, symptoms and aetiology of tonsillitis. [6]  c. Write the nursing management of a patient with tonsillitis. [6]  2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2]  b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7]  c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea	Time	-3Hrs Full mark	ks-75
b. Write briefly about trends in paediatric nursing. [5] c. Describe the role of paediatric nurse in child care. [7]  OR  a. What is tonsillitis? [3] b. Write down the signs, symptoms and aetiology of tonsillitis. [6] c. Write the nursing management of a patient with tonsillitis. [6]  2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2] b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7] c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea			
c. Describe the role of paediatric nurse in child care. [7]  OR  a. What is tonsillitis? [3] b. Write down the signs, symptoms and aetiology of tonsillitis. [6] c. Write the nursing management of a patient with tonsillitis. [6]  2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2] b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7] c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea	1. a.	What is paediatric nursing?	[3]
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<ul> <li>a. What is tonsillitis? [3]</li> <li>b. Write down the signs, symptoms and aetiology of tonsillitis. [6]</li> <li>c. Write the nursing management of a patient with tonsillitis. [6]</li> <li>2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2]</li> <li>b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7]</li> <li>c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea</li> </ul>	c.	Describe the role of paediatric nurse in child care.	[7]
<ul> <li>b. Write down the signs, symptoms and aetiology of tonsillitis. [6]</li> <li>c. Write the nursing management of a patient with tonsillitis. [6]</li> <li>2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2]</li> <li>b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7]</li> <li>c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea</li> </ul>		OR	
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tonsillitis. [6]  2. a. Define Diarrhoea. [2]  b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7]  c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea	b.		
<ul> <li>b. Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea. [7]</li> <li>c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea</li> </ul>	c.	20,000 to 100 to	
c. Describe the treatment plan of a paediatric diarrhoea	2. a.	Define Diarrhoea.	[2]
The second state of the second	b.	Write the causes, signs, symptoms of Diarrhoea.	[7]
	c.	The state of the second of the	

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	a.	Define anaemia. [3]
	b.	Write the causes classification and clinical manifestation of anaemia. [5]
	c.	Explain the nursing management of anaemia. [7]
3.	W a.	Trite short notes on any three of the following. [ $3 \times 5 = 15$ ]  Failure to thrive
	b.	Exclusive breast feeding
	C.	
	d.	
		Scabies
4.		Write down the role of a nursing personnel while dealing
		with the following paediatric patients. $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
	a.	W (45)
		Hepatitis
		Measles
		Tuberculosis
30E		Thumb sucking
В.	Fill	in the blanks. $[1 \times 10 = 10]$
	i.	The juvenile justice act was launched in century.
	ii	TI C CD: 1
		The main reason of female foeticide is
	iv	Kolpik's spot is seen in
	v.	The full form of NSAID is
		The first permanent teeth usually appear by the age of
	8 10	2 in age of
	vii.	The most important indicator of neurological
		development of a newborn is

ix.	The average head circumference at birth is _ Failure to grasp the nipple at birth indicates _ Pathological jaundice develops within of birth.	
5. A. V	Vrite the full forms of the following abbreviat	ions.
	_	$[1 \times 5 = 5]$
i.	PCEC	-
ii.	GAVI	
iii.	DT	
iv.	BMV	
V.	DIC	
B. W	rite True / False.	$[1\times 5=5]$
a.	Phimosis can be corrected by retraction meth-	nod.
b.	Diphtheria is a bacterial infection.	

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c. Salmonella typhi causes enteric fever.

d. Osteomyelitis is inflammation of the muscles.

e. Sleep walking is known as bruxism.

Full marks-75

#### **ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD** Vaganal discharges danning prieriperal period is known --THIRD YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN vi Outekenme can be felt at n ceks. GNM-2025 vii 'Hagar's sign can be elicited by weeks Describe the trans Paper-I state of ecopic pregnancy in Shortest drameter of Foetal skulling (Midwifery and Gynaecological Nursing) Time -3Hrs Answer all questions.

#### Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks Define infertility. [3] Enumerate the causes of infertility. [5] Enlist the diagnosis and describe the management of infertility. [7] OR Define prolonged labour? [3] Write down the causes and complications of prolonged labour. [5] Write the nursing management of a patient with prolonged labour. [7] What is abortion? [2] Write the causes, signs, symptoms of abortion. [7] Describe the nursing management of abortion. [6] OR

PTO

a.	What is ectopic pregnancy? [3]
b.	Write the sites and clinical features of ectopic pregnancy. [5]
c.	Describe the nursing management of ectopic pregnancy [7]
3. W	rite short notes on any three of the following.
	$[3 \times 5 = 15]$
a.	Genetic counselling
b.	1 1 2
C.	PPH
	Preconception care
e.	Ante natal exercise
4. A.  a. b. c. d.	Write down the role of a nursing personnel in the following situations. [ $2 \times 5 = 10$ ] Post operative care of episiotomy Counselling about family planning Counselling about menstrual hygiene Patient with pelvic inflammatory disease
e.	Immunisation
	Il in the blanks. $[1 \times 10 = 10]$
i.	The common type of pelvis considered to be normal is
ii.	is the outer foetal membrane.
iii.	Usually process of labour starts about days
	after the first day of LMP.

PTO

## ODISHA NURSES & MIDWIVES EXAMINATION BOARD

## THIRD YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION IN GNM-2025

### Paper-II

### (Community Health Nursing-II)

Time	-3Hrs Full mark	is-75
	Answer all questions. Figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks	
1. a.	What do you mean by NHM?	[3]
b.	What are the objective of NRHM?	[5]
C.	Write down the approaches and expected outcome NRHM.	es of [7]
	OR	
a.	Define Reproductive health.	[3]
b.	Write down the main components of RCH programmers	me. [5]
c.	Elaborate RCH programme Phase-I & RCH Program Phase-II.	mme [7]
2. a.	Define Primary Health care.	[2]
b.	What do you mean by public private partnership.	[7]
c.	Write the schematic representation of Health delivery system in India.	care [6]

- a. What is demography. [3]
- b. Write down the stages of demographic cycle. [5]
- c. As a community health nurse describe your role to control population explosion in our country. [7]
- 3. Write short notes on any three of the following.  $[3\times5=15]$ 
  - a. Small family norm.
  - b. School health programme.
  - c. Bhore committee.
  - d. Indian Red Cross.
  - e. AYUSH
- 4. A. Write down the role of a nursing personnel in the following situations.  $[2 \times 5 = 10]$ 
  - a. Patient with dog bite.
  - b. Patient with hyperglycemia.
  - c. Patient suffering from heart stroke.
  - d. Patient with Dengue fever.
  - e. Patient with worm infestation.

#### B. Fill in the blanks.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- i. Indian Nursing Council Act was passed in \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. Permanent method of Family planning of male is
- iii. DOTS was launched in \_\_\_\_\_\_ year.
- iv. Administration of ready-made antibody create \_\_\_\_\_ immunity.
- v. Leprosy is also known as disease.

5. A. Write the full forms of the following abbreviations.

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$ 

- a. ELISA
- b UNICEF
- c. DPMR
- d. UNESCO
- e. HMIS
- f. JSSK
- g. ASHA
- h. UNDP
- i. NACO
- i. IDD

#### B. Write True / False.

 $[1 \times 5 = 5]$ 

- i. Rural health scheme 1977 was recommended by Srivastav committee.
- ii. Antiretroviral therapy is given to an HIV patient.
- iii. Mudaliar committee is known as health survey and planning committee.
- iv. Home visiting is the backbone of community Health Nursing.
- v. Janani Suraksha Yojna was launched in 2005.